

FFmpeg-Workshop

Reto Kromer • AV Preservation by reto.ch

FFmpeg-Workshop
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Benutzerschnittstellen

- Lochkarten und Matrixdrucker
- Kommandozeile
(Englisch: command-line interface = CLI)
- grafische Benutzeroberfläche
(Englisch: graphical user interface = GUI)
- berührungslose Schnittstellen

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ASCII (1977/1986)

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|
| 0x | NUL | SOH | STX | ETX | EOT | ENQ | ACK | BEL | BS | HT | LF | VT | FF | CR | SO | SI |
| 1x | DLE | DC1 | DC2 | DC3 | DC4 | NAK | SYN | ETB | CAN | EM | SUB | ESC | FS | GS | RS | US |
| 2x | SP | ! | " | # | \$ | % | & | ' | (|) | * | + | , | - | . | / |
| 3x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | : | ; | < | = | > | ? |
| 4x | @ | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O |
| 5x | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y | Z | [| \ |] | ^ | _ |
| 6x | ` | a | b | c | d | e | f | g | h | i | j | k | l | m | n | o |
| 7x | p | q | r | s | t | u | v | w | x | y | z | { | | } | ~ | DEL |

Changed or added in 1963 version
 Changed in both 1963 version and 1965 draft

source: wikipedia.org

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Unix/Linux-Befehlsstruktur

\$0 **\$1** **\${n}**
command argument_1 ... argument_n

Beispiele üblicher Syntaxen der Argumenten:

--parameter

--parameter=value

-p

-p value

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Software

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FFmpeg wird überall eingesetzt

- VLC und mpv
- Audacity und Handbrake
- QCTools und AEO-Light
- vrecord
- Google Chrome und YouTube
- «et cetera et cetera et cetera»

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Die FFmpeg-Familie

Programme

- ffmpeg
- ffprobe
- ffplay

Bibliotheken

- libavcodec
- libavformat
- libavfilter
- libavutil
- libavdevice
- libswscale
- libswresample
- libpostproc

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Dateiumwandlungen

ffmpeg (CLI)

→ ffmpeg.org

FFmpeg Cookbook for Archivists

→ avpres.net/FFmpeg/

ffmprovisr

→ amiaopensource.github.io/ffmprovisr/

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Metadaten extrahieren

MediaInfo (GUI, CLI)

→ mediaarea.net/MediaInfo

ffprobe (CLI)

→ ffmpeg.org

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Mediaplayer

VLC (GUI)

→ www.videolan.org/vlc/

mpv (CLI/GUI)

→ mpv.io

ffplay (CLI)

→ ffmpeg.org

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Grafische Benutzeroberfläche

FFCommand Engine (GUI)

→ github.com/ColorlabMD/FFCommand_Engine

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FFmpeg-Befehlsstruktur

\$0 **\$1** **\${n}**
command argument_1 ... argument_n

FFmpeg-Syntax der Argumenten:

-parameter
-parameter value
-p
-p value

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FFmpeg Syntax

ffmpeg
[*global_options*]
[*input_options_n*] **-i** *input_file_n*
[*output_options_n*] *output_file_n*

ffprobe [*input_options*] *input_file*

ffplay [*input_options*] *input_file*

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Programmbibliotheken

demultiplexen: libavformat

decodieren: libavcodec

ändern: libavfilter

codieren: libavcodec

multiplexen: libavformat

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Übungen

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Einstieg

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Arbeitsfolder setzen

```
# Linux
# Mac
# Windows Terminal oder WSL
# Windows lokal
cd Desktop

# Windows auf OneDrive Cloud
cd OneDrive
```

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Bilddatei erzeugen

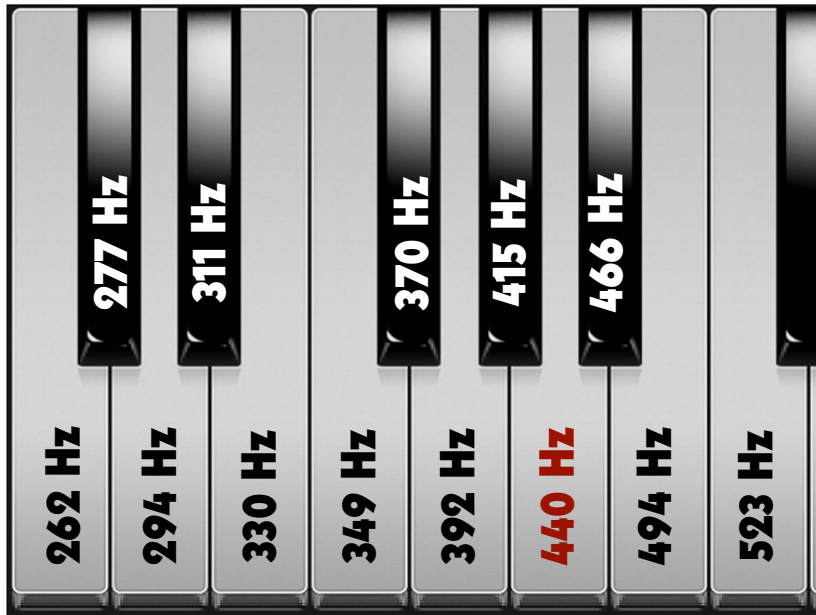
```
ffmpeg
-f lavfi -i mandelbrot
-t 10
-c:v rawvideo
-pix_fmt uyvy422
mandelbrot.avi
```

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Bilddatei abspielen

```
ffplay
mandelbrot.avi
```

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Tondatei erzeugen

```
ffmpeg  
-f lavfi -i "sine=frequency=440"  
-t 10  
-c:a pcm_s16le  
-ar 48k  
-ac 2  
la.wav
```

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Tondatei abspielen

```
ffplay  
la.wav
```

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Dateien zusammenfügen

```
ffmpeg  
-i mandelbrot.avi  
-i la.wav  
-c:v copy  
-c:a copy  
mandela.avi
```

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AV-Datei abspielen

```
ffplay  
mandela.avi
```

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Metadaten extrahieren (1)

```
ffprobe  
mandela.avi
```

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Container

```
ffprobe  
-show_format  
mandela.avi
```

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Codec

```
ffprobe  
-show_streams  
mandela.avi
```

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Container und Codec

```
ffprobe  
-show_format  
-show_streams  
mandela.avi
```

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Metadaten formatieren

```
ffprobe  
-show_format  
-show_streams  
-print_format json  
mandela.avi
```

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Metadaten speichern

```
ffprobe  
-show_format  
-show_streams  
-print_format json  
mandela.avi  
> mandela.txt
```

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Metadaten extrahieren (2)

```
mediainfo  
mandela.avi
```

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Hilfe finden

```
ffmpeg -h  
ffmpeg -codecs  
ffmpeg -decoders  
ffmpeg -h decoder=aac  
ffmpeg -encoders  
ffmpeg -h encoder=libx264  
ffmpeg -filters  
ffmpeg -pix_fmts
```

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Dateiumwandlungen

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Container ändern

```
ffmpeg  
-i mandelbrot.avi  
-c copy  
mandelbrot.mov
```

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MD5-Prüfsummen (1)

```
ffmpeg  
-i mandelbrot.avi  
-f framemd5  
mandelbrot.avi_framemd5.txt
```

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MD5-Prüfsummen (2)

ffmpeg

-i *mandelbrot.mov*

-f *framemd5*

mandelbrot_mov_framemd5.txt

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Prüfsummen vergleichen

Linux/Mac/Windows Terminal oder WSL

diff -s

mandelbrot_avi_framemd5.txt

mandelbrot_mov_framemd5.txt

Windows

fc

mandelbrot_avi_framemd5.txt

mandelbrot_mov_framemd5.txt

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Einzelbilder abspielen

ffplay

-loop 0

DUFAY_TIFF/Dufay_#06d.tif

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Dateiumwandlungen

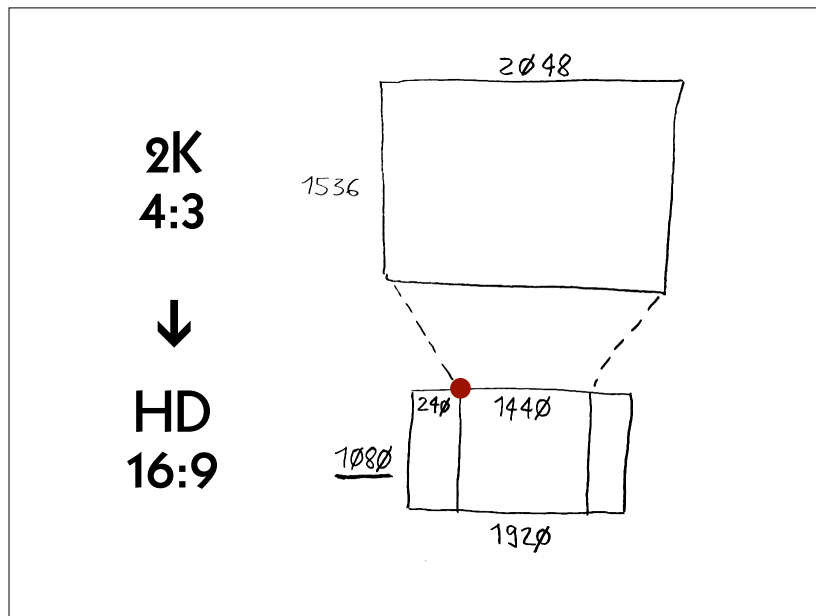
- von Master- nach Mezzanine- und von Mezzanine- nach Zugangsdatei

- von Master- nach Zugangsdatei

→ Vergleiche die Qualität der Zugangsdateien

→ Vergleiche die Qualität der Mezzaninedateien (Apple ProRes und AVID).

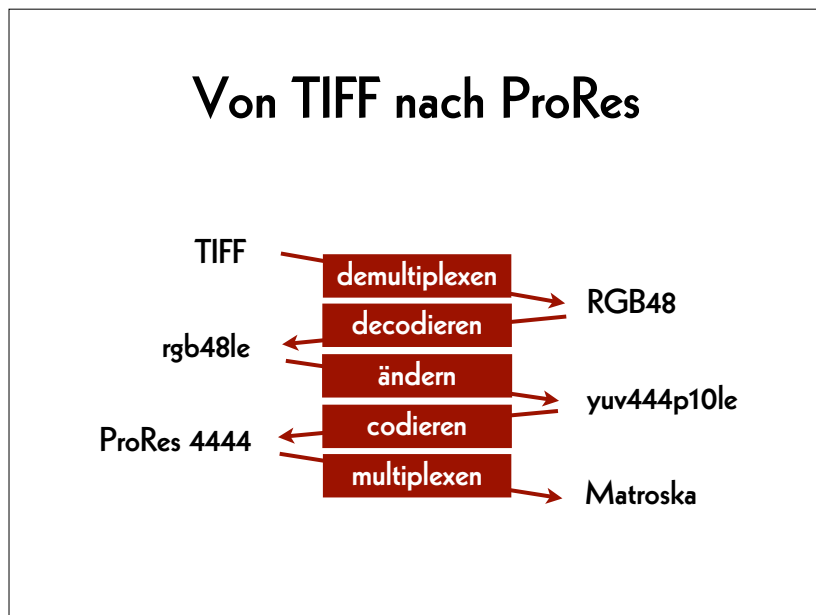
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ProRes

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- ## ProRes 422 und ProRes 4444
- QuickTime (.mov)
 - Matroska (.mkv)
 - MXF = Material eXchange Format (.mxf)

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Master -> Mezzanine (1)

ffmpeg

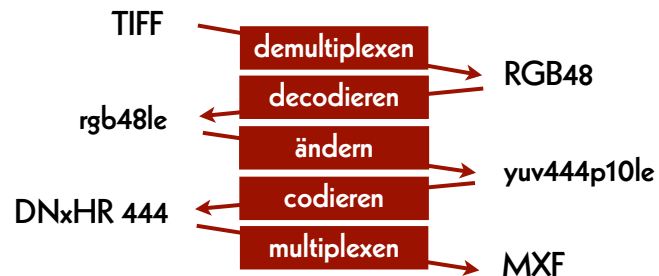
```
-f image2 -framerate 24  
-i DUFAY_TIFF/Dufay_%06d.tif  
-filter:v  
  "scale=1440:1080:flags=lanczos,  
  pad=1920:1080:240:0"  
-c:v prores_ks -profile:v 4  
Dufay_ProRes.mkv
```

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AVID

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Von TIFF nach DNxHR



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Parameters finden

```
ffmpeg -h encoder=dnxhd
```

```
-profile:v dnxhr_lb -pix_fmt yuv422p  
-profile:v dnxhr_sq -pix_fmt yuv422p  
-profile:v dnxhr_hq -pix_fmt yuv422p  
-profile:v dnxhr_hqx -pix_fmt yuv422p10le  
-profile:v dnxhr_444 -pix_fmt yuv444p10le  
-profile:v dnxhr_444 -pix_fmt gbrp10le
```

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Master -> Mezzanine (2)

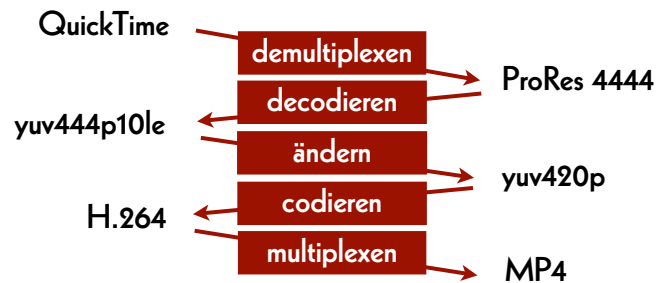
```
ffmpeg
-f image2 -framerate 24
-i DUFAY_TIFF/Dufay_%06d.tif
-filter:v
  "scale=1440:1080:flags=lanczos,
  pad=1920:1080:240:0"
-c:v dnxhd -profile:v dnxhr_444
-pix_fmt yuv444p10le
Dufay_DNxHR.mxf
```

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H.264

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Von ProRes nach H.264



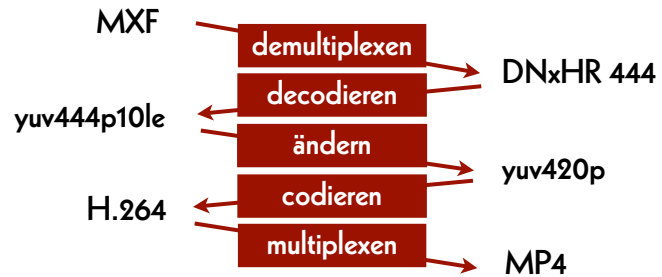
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Mezzanine -> Zugang (1)

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_ProRes.mkv
-c:v libx264
-preset veryslow
-crf 30
-pix_fmt yuv420p
-movflags +faststart
Dufay_ProRes_H264.mp4
```

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Von DNxHR nach H.264



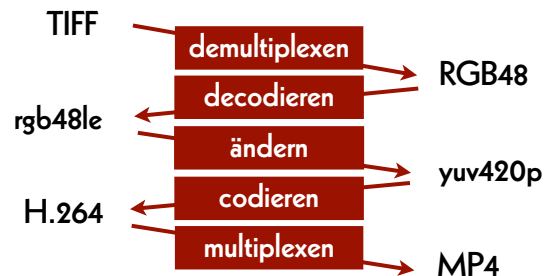
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Mezzanine -> Zugang (2)

```
ffmpeg  
-i Dufay_DNxHR.mxf  
-c:v libx264  
-preset veryslow  
-crf 30  
-pix_fmt yuv420p  
-movflags +faststart  
Dufay_DNxHR_H264.mp4
```

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Von TIFF nach H.264



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Master -> Zugang

```
ffmpeg  
-f image2 -framerate 24  
-i DUFAY_TIFF/Dufay_%06d.tif  
-filter:v  
  "scale=1440:1080:flags=lanczos,  
  pad=1920:1080:240:0"  
-c:v libx264 -preset veryslow -crf 30  
-pix_fmt yuv420p  
-movflags +faststart  
Dufay_master_H264.mp4
```

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Qualitätskontrolle

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Workflow

define accepted file formats

perform quality control

- checksum
- filename
- container, codec and data formats
- image and sound content

prepare archive package

store packages (e.g. onto LTO tapes)

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Qualitätskontrolle

- check technical metadata
- analyse signal
- watch image and listen sound

- Differenzdatei zweier Dateien
- geteilter Bildschirm aus zwei Dateien

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Quality Control Tools

container and codec

- MedialInfo, ffprobe, MediaConch
- hexdump, fq

image and sound content

- QCTools, qcli, SignalServer
- VLC, mpv, ffmpeg

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Archival Tools

- RAWcooked
- Baglt

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Geteilter Bildschirm (1)

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4
-i Dufay_ProRes_H264.mp4
-filter_complex
"[0] crop=iw/2:ih:0:0 [links];
[1] crop=iw/2:ih:iw/2:0 [rechts];
[links][rechts] hstack"
Dufay_split_ProRes.mp4
```

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Geteilter Bildschirm (2)

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4
-i Dufay_DNxHR_H264.mp4
-filter_complex
"[0] crop=iw/2:ih:0:0 [links];
[1] crop=iw/2:ih:iw/2:0 [rechts];
[links][rechts] hstack"
Dufay_split_DNxHR.mp4
```

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Geteilter Bildschirm (3)

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_ProRes_H264.mp4
-i Dufay_DNxHR_H264.mp4
-filter_complex
"[0] crop=iw/2:ih:0:0 [links];
[1] crop=iw/2:ih:iw/2:0 [rechts];
[links][rechts] hstack"
Dufay_split_mezzanine.mp4
```

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Filter testen

ffplay

-vf "negate"

Dufay_1_H264.mp4

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Differenzdatei (1)

ffmpeg

-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4

-i Dufay_ProRes_H264.mp4

-filter_complex

"[1] format=yuva444p,

lut=c3=128,

negate [1_mit_alpha];

[0][1_mit_alpha] overlay"

Dufay_delta_ProRes.mp4

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Differenzdatei (2)

ffmpeg

-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4

-i Dufay_DNxHR_H264.mp4

-filter_complex

"[1] format=yuva444p,

lut=c3=128,

negate [1_mit_alpha];

[0][1_mit_alpha] overlay"

Dufay_delta_DNxHR.mp4

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Differenzdatei (3)

ffmpeg

-i Dufay_ProRes_H264.mp4

-i Dufay_DNxHR_H264.mp4

-filter_complex

"[1] format=yuva444p,

lut=c3=128,

negate [1_mit_alpha];

[0][1_mit_alpha] overlay"

Dufay_delta_mezzanine.mp4

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Generate a Sound File

```
ffmpeg
-f lavfi -i "anoisesrc=color=brown"
-filter:a "tremolo=f=0.1:d=0.9"
-c:a pcm_s24le
-ar 96k
-ac 2
-t 60
seashore_good.wav
```

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Play the File

```
ffplay
seashore_good.wav
```

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Damage the Sound File

```
ffmpeg
-i seashore_good.wav
-c copy
-bsf:a "noise=amount=-1"
seashore_bad.wav
```

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Play the Damaged File

```
ffplay
seashore_bad.wav
```

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Show Volume (good)

```
ffplay
-f lavfi "amovie=seashore_good.wav,
asplit [a][out1];
[a] showvolume=c=VOLUME:
w=1000:h=100:
ds=lin [out0]"
```

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Show Volume (bad)

```
ffplay
-f lavfi "amovie=seashore_bad.wav,
asplit [a][out1];
[a] showvolume=c=VOLUME:
w=1000:h=100:
ds=lin [out0]"
```

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Show Waves (good)

```
ffplay
-f lavfi "amovie=seashore_good.wav,
asplit [a][out1];
[a] showwaves=mode=cline [out0]"
```

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Show Waves (bad)

```
ffplay
-f lavfi "amovie=seashore_bad.wav,
asplit [a][out1];
[a] showwaves=mode=cline [out0]"
```

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Show Spectrum (good)

```
ffplay
-f lavfi "amovie=seashore_good.wav,
asplit [a][out1];
[a] showspectrum=mode=separate:
color=intensity:
slide=1:
scale=cbrt [out0]"
```

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Show Spectrum (bad)

```
ffplay
-f lavfi "amovie=seashore_bad.wav,
asplit [a][out1];
[a] showspectrum=mode=separate:
color=intensity:
slide=1:
scale=cbrt [out0]"
```

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Personalisieren

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Schriftarten finden

```
# Linux/Mac/Windows Terminal oder WSL
ls /Library/Fonts

# Windows
dir \Windows\Fonts
```

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Wasserzeichen hinzufügen

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4
-filter:v
  "drawtext=text='watermark':
  fontfile='/Library/Fonts/Arial.ttf':
  fontsize=35:
  fontcolor=white:
  alpha=0.25:
  x=(w-text_w)/2:y=(h-text_h)/2"
watermark.mp4
```

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Timecode hinzufügen

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4
-filter:v
  "drawtext=timecode='01\:00\:30\:00':
  rate=25:
  fontfile='/Library/Fonts/Arial.ttf':
  fontsize=35:
  fontcolor=white:
  x=(w-text_w)/2:y=h/1.2"
timecode.mp4
```

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Logo hinzufügen

```
ffmpeg
-i Dufay_master_H264.mp4
-i Logo.png
-filter_complex
  "overlay=10:main_h-overlay_h-10"
mit_Logo.mp4
```

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AV Preservation by
reto.ch

Sandrainstrasse 3
3007 Bern
Switzerland

Web: reto.ch
Email: info@reto.ch



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